

BI-3231, a Well-Characterized Chemical Probe for HSD17B13, is Available for Free at opnMe.com

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> HSD17B13 is a lipid-droplet associated member of the family of 17ß-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenases (HSD17B), primarily expressed in hepatocytes^{1,2}

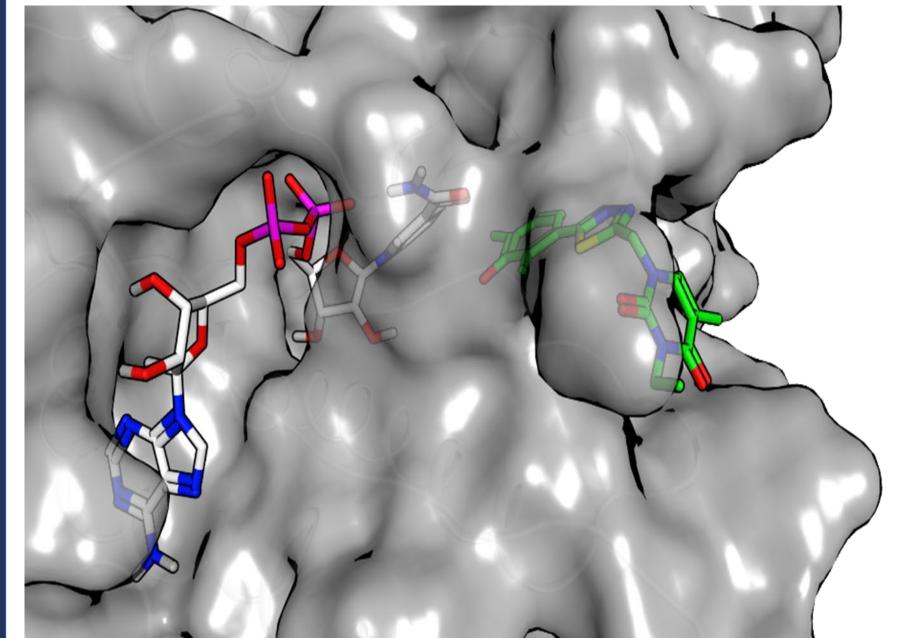
> HSD17B13 acts on a range of lipid substrates, using NAD⁺ as co-substrate, but the physiologically relevant substrate and function of HSD17B13 are unknown³

- > Genome wide association studies in patients revealed HSD17B13 as a potential target to treat metabolic dysfunction-associated steatohepatitis (MASH) and other liver diseases³
- > We discovered and characterized BI-3231, a specific Chemical Probe for HSD17B134 and made it available for free at opnMe.com
- > BI-3231 was accepted as Donated Chemical Probe by the SGC (Structural Genomics Consortium) and received a 4-star rating at Chemical Probes.org

BI-3231, a Chemical Probe to study HSD17B13

- In vitro studies demonstrated an uncompetitive mode of inhibition of BI-3231 with regards to the HSD17B13 co-substrate NAD⁺
- Plasma exposure in mice after s.c. administration of **BI-3231** covered 10-fold K_i (unbound) over eight hours
- **BI-3231** is the first potent and selective HSD17B13 inhibitor with equal potency for human and mouse protein
- BI-3231 showed a good *in vitro* physicochemical, pharmacokinetic and safety profile. However, metabolic stability in hepatocytes remains moderate.
- **BI-3231** was already successfully used by the research community to study HSD17B13:
- **BI-3231**, an enzymatic-inhibitor of HSD17B13, reduces lipotoxic effects induced by palmitic acid in murine and human hepatocytes⁵

BI-3231 docked into X-ray Structure



 Crystal structures of full length HSD17B13 in complex with its NAD⁺ co-substrate and inhibitors were published recently⁶

- Successful docking of **BI-3231** into crystal structure
- The difluorophenol moiety makes a stacking interaction with the nicotinamide of the cosubstrate NAD⁺

In vitro Profile of BI-3231

	In vitro Pharmacology							PhysChem		
				IC ₅₀		K _i	MWt		380	
N.N.	hHSD17B13 enzyme [nM]			± 0.5)*	0.	7 ± 0.2	clogF)	1.3	
s	hHSD17B11 enz	>	10000	00				90		
F	hHSD17B13 DSF [K]			16.7			S _w pH	16.8	213 µM	
HOF	hHSD17B13 cell [nM]			11 ± 4			LE		0.45	
BI-3231	mHSD17B13 enzyme [nM]			$(14 \pm 2)^*$ 0.5 ± 0.1		LipE		7.25		
DMP	MetSta	tStab CL [mL/min/kg]				Q _н [%]				
hERG IC ₅₀ [µM]	> 10 LM h / m			< 5.3 / 12.1				< 23 / 25		
MBI	no	Hep h / m		12.2 / 51.6				58 / 57		
GSH adducts	no	Caco-2, A-B [nm/sec]					Efflux ratio			
(hLM incub.)	110	18						1.2		
PPB h / m [%]	91 / 77.5	CYP Inhibition [µM]								
Modeofinhi	3A4	2D6	2C19	9	2C9	2C8	2B6	1A2		
uncom	> 50	> 50	> 50)	> 50	> 50	> 50	> 50		

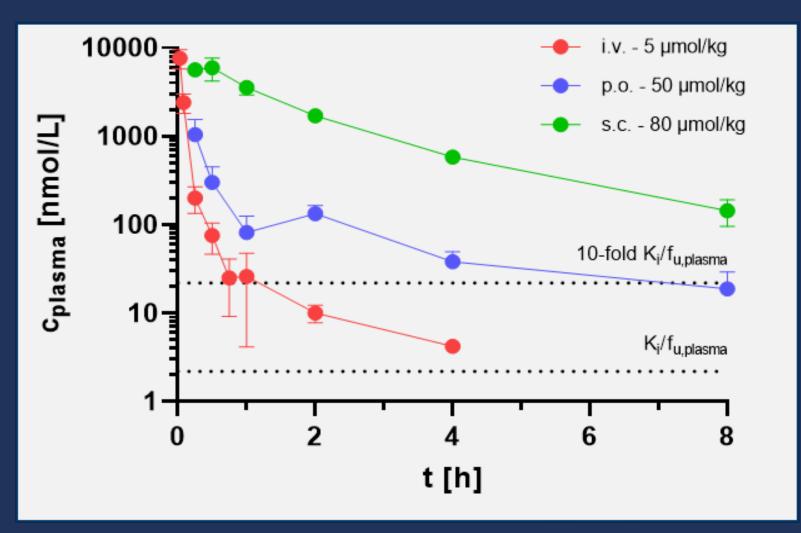
 Highly potent human and mouse HSD17B13 inhibitor

- Good selectivity versus HSD17B11 and versus targets in CEREP safety panel
- Good *in vitro* physicochemical, safety and DMPK properties
- Stability in human and mouse hepatocytes remains moderate

* Real IC₅₀ value unclear due to limits of the assay wall. K_i values (NAD⁺) should be used for comparison.

B)

In vivo PK of BI-3231



BI-3231 Pharmacokinetic properties in mice												
i.v. PK				p.o.	РК	s.c. PK						
CL [mL/min*kg]	CL [%Q _H]	V _{ss} [L/kg]	AUC _{DN, i.v.} [nM*h/D]	AUC _{DN, p.o.} [nM*h/D]	F _{oral} [%]	AUC _{DN, s.c.} [nM*h/D]	F _{s.c.} [%]					
110	130	1.4	153	16	10	136	89					

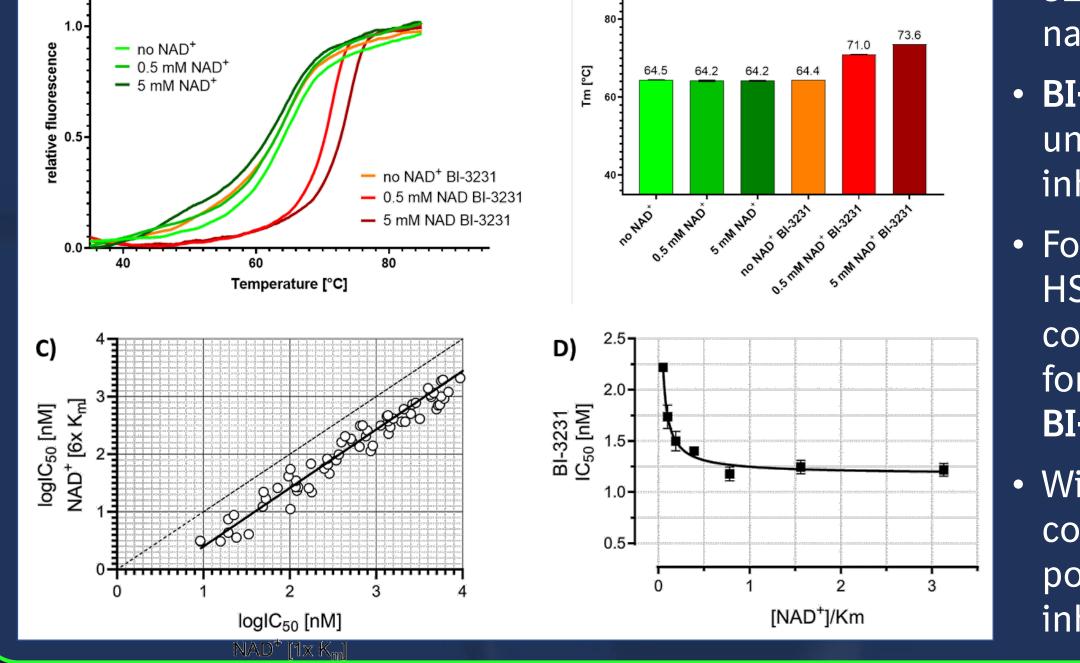
- PK after i.v. and p.o. administration in mice was characterized by a bi-phasic and rapid plasma clearance exceeding the hepatic blood flow
- Systemic exposure (> 10-fold in vitro mouse K_i) in unbound plasma concentration could be maintained over 8 hours in mice after s.c. dosing
- For tissue distribution and bile excretion studies see publication⁴
- For investigation of extendedrelease formulations see publication⁷

Mode of Inhibition Studies with BI-3231

On-target binding of BI-3231 was confirmed by

BI-3231 and its Publication are available for free

SGC



nanoDSF

- BI-3231 indicated an uncompetitive mode of inhibition against NAD⁺
- Formation of the HSD17B13 / NAD⁺ complex is a prerequisite for binding of the inhibitor BI-3231
- With increasing NAD⁺ concentrations, the potencies of HSD17B13 inhibitors improve



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Accepted Donated Chemical Probe⁸ 4-star rating as high-quality *in vitro* and *in vivo* probe⁹

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¹Marchais-Oberwinkler *et al.*, J. Steroid Biochem. Mol. Biol. **2011**, 125 (1-2), 66-82; ²Ma *et al.*, Hepatology **2020**, 73, 1701–1716; ³Abul-Husn *et al.*, N. Engl. J. Med. **2018**, 378, 1096–1106; ⁴Thamm *et al.*, J. Med. Chem. **2023**, 66, 4, 2832–2850; ⁵Alcober-Boquet *et al.*, Am. J. Physiol. Cell Physiol. **2024**, 326 (3), C880-C892; ⁶Liu *et al.*, Nat. Commun. **2023**, 14, 5158; ⁷Block *et al.*, Eur. J. Pharm. Sci. **2024**, 196, 106733; ⁸www.thesgc.org; ⁹www.chemicalprobes.org