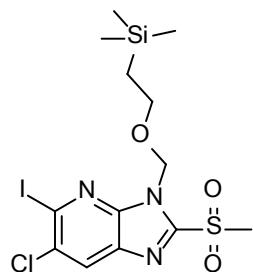


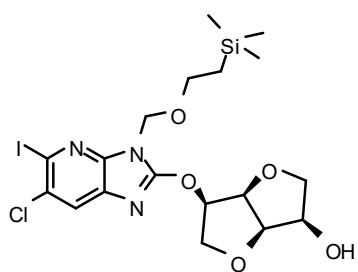
# AMPK Activator | BI-9774

## Synthesis of BI-9774 (Patent No. WO 2015/007669)

The compound numbers mentioned herein are a reference to the numbering system employed in: Gollner A., Heine C., Hofbauer K. S. Kinase Degraders, Activators, and Inhibitors: Highlights and Synthesis Routes to the Chemical Probes on openMe.com, Part 1. *ChemMedChem* 2023, 18, e202300031. [DOI: 10.1002/cmcd.202300031](https://doi.org/10.1002/cmcd.202300031), [PubMed](#).

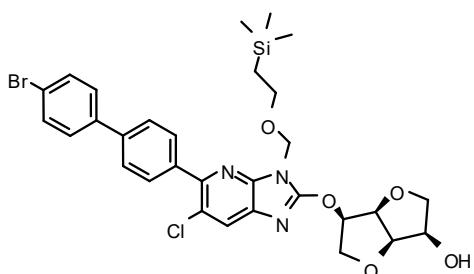


6-Chloro-5-iodo-2-methanesulfonyl-1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine (1.0 g, 2.80 mmol) and triethylamine (0.59 mL, 4.24 mmol) were dissolved in THF (20 mL), cooled to 0°C and treated with SEM-Cl (0.51 mL, 2.90 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 30min while warming to room temperature. The mixture was partitioned between saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl and ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed with water and brine. After drying over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, the solvents were evaporated in vacuo to give the title compound (0.76 g, yield 56 %).

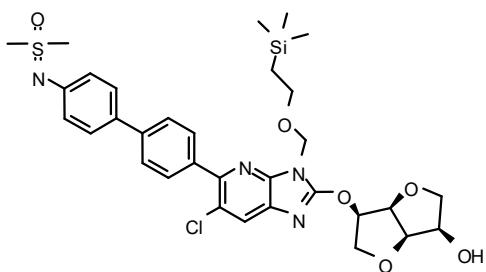


Isomannide (29.3 g, 22.49 mmol) was dissolved in N,N-dimethylformamide (120 mL) and treated with 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (DBU; 30.9 mL). A solution of 6-Chloro-5-iodo-2-methanesulfonyl-3-(2-trimethylsilyl-ethoxymethyl)-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine (32.6 g, 66.83 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (180 mL) was added dropwise and the mixture is stirred for 2 hours at room temperature. The mixture was partitioned between water and ethyl acetate and the organic

phase was washed with brine and dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$ . The solvents were evaporated in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica gel cyclohexane/ethyl acetate 30:70-0:100) to give the title compound (27.0 g, yield 73%).

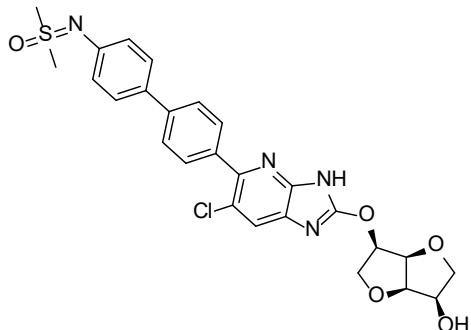


A mixture of (3R,3aR,6R,6aR)-6-(6-chloro-5-iodo-3-(2-trimethylsilyl-ethoxymethyl)-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yloxy)hexahydrofuro[3,2-b]furan-3-ol (1.0 g, 1.81 mmol), 4'-Bromo-4-biphenylboronic acid (550 mg, 1.99 mmol),  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$  (2 M aqueous solution, 2.71 mL), and 1,4-dioxane (10 mL) was purged for 5 minutes with argon. [1,1'-Bis(diphenylphosphino)- ferrocene]-dichloropalladium(II)- $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ -complex ( $\text{PdCl}_2(\text{dpdp})\text{xDCM}$ ) (103 mg, 0.13 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred for 3 h at 90 °C. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with water and brine, dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$  and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (cyclohexane/ethyl acetate 40:60-0:100) to give the desired compound (0.94 g, yield: 79%)



A microwave vial was charged with a stir bar, (3R,3aR,6R,6aR)-6-[5-{4'-bromo-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl}-6-chloro-3-[(2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl]-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yloxy]-hexahydrofuro[3,2-b]furan-3-ol (0.94 g, 1.43 mmol), S,S-dimethylsulfoximine (159 mg, 1.71 mmol) and Caesium carbonate (744 mg, 2.28 mmol) in toluene (10 mL). The mixture was purged with argon for 5min, then Palladium(II)-acetate (32 mg, 0.14 mmol) and RuPhos (67 mg, 0.14 mmol) were added and stirred over night at 75°C. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was filtered through a pad of celite and the pad was rinsed with dichloromethane. The combined filtrates were concentrated in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica gel (ethyl acetate/methanol 95:5-80:20) to give the desired compound (0.62 g, yield: 65%).

### BI-9774 (Compound 25)



A mixture of N-(4-(6-chloro-2-((3R,3aR,6R,6aR)-6-hydroxyhexahydrofuro[3,2-b]furan-3-yloxy)-3-(2-trimethylsilanyl-ethoxymethyl)-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-5-yl)phenyl)-S,S-dimethylsulfoximide (290 mg, 0.43 mmol) and KHSO<sub>4</sub> (2 M aqueous solution, 302 µL, 0.61 mmol) in formic acid (5 mL) was stirred for 2 h at 60°C. The mixture was cooled to 0°C in an ice bath and the pH was adjusted to 11 by adding NaOH (10 M aqueous solution). Tetrahydrofuran (3 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. Hydrochloric acid (4 N) was added until the pH reaches 6. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with water and brine, and dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. The solvents were evaporated in vacuo and the residue was purified by HPLC on reversed phase to give **BI-9774** (143 mg, yield: 61%).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, 500 MHz) δ 12.93 (br s, 1H), 7.94 (br s, 1H), 7.70 (s, 4H), 7.58 (d, 2H, J=8.5 Hz), 7.04 (d, 2H, J=8.5 Hz), 5.48 (q, 1H, J=5.9 Hz), 5.00 (d, 1H, J=6.6 Hz), 4.84 (t, 1H, J=5.0 Hz), 4.36 (t, 1H, J=4.9 Hz), 4.1-4.2 (m, 2H), 3.91 (dd, 1H, J=6.0, 9.5 Hz), 3.79 (t, 1H, J=7.4 Hz), 3.44 (t, 1H, J=8.5 Hz), 3.26 (s, 6H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, 125 MHz) δ 146.3, 139.6, 136.9, 131.7, 130.0, 127.3, 125.3, 122.6, 81.6, 80.1, 79.1, 71.9, 71.4, 70.2, 41.6, appr.147.5 (HSQC), 5 Carbons not detected.

HRMS (m/z): [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calculated for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>25</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>5</sub>S, 541.13069; found, 541.13123;

